**Topic 5.4 Solving Radical Equations** 

Essential Question:

How can you solve equations that include radicals or ratioanl exponents?

Explore and Reason

Complete online.

# CONCEPT Summary

**Solving Radical Equations** 

	WORDS	ALGEBRA	GRAPH
Step 1	Isolate the radical term.	$2\sqrt{x+3} - x = 0$ $2\sqrt{x+3} = x$	$y = 2\sqrt{x + 3}$ (6, 6)
Step 2	Square both sides to remove the radical.	$\left(2\sqrt{x+3}\right)^2=(x)^2$	
Step 3	Solve the equation.	$4(x + 3) = x^{2}$ $x^{2} - 4x - 12 = 0$ $(x - 6)(x + 2) = 0$ $x = 6 \text{ or } x = -2$	
Step 4	Eliminate extraneous solutions.	$2\sqrt{6+3} - 6 = 0$ $2\sqrt{-2+3} - (-2) = 0$ $\sqrt{9} = 6$ $2\sqrt{1} = -2$ $6\stackrel{?}{=} 6$ $2\stackrel{?}{=} -2$ $6 = 6 \checkmark$ $2 \neq -2 \checkmark$	

Q: What are two methods you can use to check for extraneous solutions?

Notes:

# Examples & Questions

#### Examples 1

Q: What does it mean to isolate the radical?

Q: How do you eliminate the square root or cube root? Why do you want to eliminate them?

### Examples 2

Q: Why is the equation solved for y?

Q: Why are parentheses placed around 0.010583x in the third step?

## Examples 3

Part A:

Q: Why can you find potential solutions to an equation that are not actual solutions of the original equation?

#### Part B:

Q: When solving an equation, what indicates that there may be an extraneous solution?

### Examples 4

Part A:

Q: Why do you raise each side of an equation to the reciprocal power?

#### Part B:

Q: Why did the right side of the equation change from  $(x-2)^3$  to  $(x-2)^2$ ?

## Examples 5

Q: What is another strategy you could use to find the solution to an equation without doing calculation?

Q: Why does a radical remain in the solution steps after the two sides of the equation have been squared the first time?

# Examples 6

Q: Why is the inequality written as < 1.9?

Q: How do the steps to solve the problem change if you are given the height instead of the mass?

# Practice and Problem Solving

Complete MathXL for School: Practice and Problem Solving (online)

Complete MathXL for School: Enrichment (online)

Challenge: #19, 41 – key will be posted in Power School Learning.

#### Lesson Quiz 5.4