# **Topic 2.4: Complex Numbers and Operations**

**Essential Question:** 

How can you represent and operate on numbers that are not on the real number line?

## CONCEPT

Imaginary Number:  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ ,  $i^2 = -1$ Complex Number: a + biComplex Conjugate:  $(a + bi) (a - bi) = a^2 + b^2$ 

## CONCEPT Summary

## **Complex Numbers and Operations**

The imaginary unit *i* is the number whose square is equal to  $-1: \sqrt{-1} = i$ , so  $i^2 = -1$ .

real numbers

Complex numbers are written in the form a + bi.

The four basic operations can be applied to complex numbers, such as 2 + 3i and 5 - i.

ADDITION

Add as you would with binomials with like terms.

(2+3i) + (5-i) = 7 + 2i

#### MULTIPLICATION

Distribute as you would with binomials.

 $(2 + 3i)(5 - i) = 10 - 2i + 15i - 3i^2 = 13 + 13i$ 

#### SUBTRACTION

imaginary unit

Subtract as you would with binomials with like terms.

(2+3i) - (5-i) = -3 + 4i

#### DIVISION

Simplify so that the denominator is a real number. Multiply the numerator and denominator by the conjugate of the denominator.

 $\frac{2+3i}{5-i} = \frac{(2+3i)(5+i)}{(5-i)(5+i)} = \frac{7+17i}{26} = \frac{7}{26} + \frac{17}{26}i$ 

### Notes:

# Examples & Questions

Examples 1 Q: How are the equations in Part A and Part B alike? How are they different?

Q: Why is the  $\sqrt{-9}$  not equation to -3?

Examples 2 Q: In Part B, why is the difference written as an addition problem? Q: How could the sum of two comples numbers be a real number?

Examples 3 Q: How is the problem in Part B like multiplying binomials? Q:

Examples 4 Q: How does multiplying the denominator by its complex conjugate result in a real number?

Examples 5

Q: How is factoring the sum of squares different than factoring the difference of squares? Q: Why is the first step in factoring the expression in Part B to factor out a 3?

Examples 6

Q: Graph  $y = x^2 + 4$ . How might be the graph suggest that there are no real solutions to the equation?

Q: Does the Zero Product Property hold for imaginary numbers?

Practice and Problem Solving

Complete MathXL for School: Enrichment (online)

Challenge: #12, 13, 46, 47, 50 – key will be posted in Power School Learning.

Lesson Quiz 2.4